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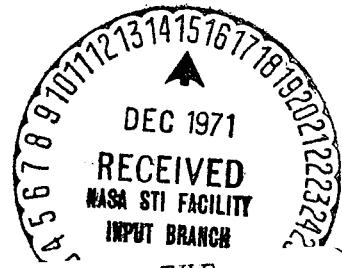
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"CATION-RICH" OXIDES [*], [1]. THE CRYSTAL
STRUCTURE OF Li_3InO_3 [2], [3].

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Frank Stewner and Rudolf Hoppe

ABSTRACT. Li_3InO_3 crystallizes trigonal, $\text{P}3\text{cl}$, with $a = 9.606_4$, $c = 10.42_0 \text{\AA}$, $c/a = 1.064_7$, $Z = 12$ and In_1 in 2(a), In_2 : 4(d), In_3 : 6(f), and O_1 , O_2 , O_3 , Li_1 , Li_2 , Li_3 each in 12(g). According to $\text{Li}_2^{[4]} \cdot \text{In}_{2/3}^{[6]} \square_{1/3} \text{O}_2$, Li_3InO_3 is a "stuffed derivative" of a layer structure of the CdJ_2 type. Calculations of the MADELUNG Part of Lattice Energy (MAPLE) assure the localization of Li by x-ray work and explain why In_2 , O_1 , O_2 and O_3 depart from "ideal" positions.

The system $\text{Li}_2\text{O}/\text{In}_2\text{O}_3$ has already been widely studied. LiInO_3 is well known, a trigonal order variant ($\alpha\text{-LiFeO}_2$ -type) of the NaCl structure. According to studies on powder samples [5,6], there exist in the partial system $\text{LiInO}_2/\text{Li}_2\text{O}$ at least two further phases whose composition is still unknown. One of these was viewed as LiInO_3 [7].

An explanation of the apparently complicated relationship appear to be possible only by means of monocrystal investigations. By appropriate experiments we obtained monocrystals of Li_3InO_3 , $\text{Li}_{31}\text{In}_{11}\text{O}_{32}$, as well as a third phase whose /240 composition is " $\text{Li}_7\text{In}_3\text{O}_8$ ".

These represent "cation-rich" oxides, i.e. representatives of a group of compounds about which we are still insufficiently informed.

We can differentiate three classes of ternary oxides, A_x , B_y , O_z , according to whether

a) none, b) only one or c) each of the partners A and B is a metal. There are at times present three subclasses, since there can be

α) $x + y < z$, β) $x + y = z$, or γ) $x + y > z$.

Oxides which correspond to the combination (c, γ) we call "cation-rich" oxides (of the metals).

Ternary oxides of this type were only recently investigated more closely. Only in exceptional cases do we know about their crystal structure through monocrystal studies [Li_8TbO_6 [8], Na_2HgO_2 [9], $\text{Na}_2\text{Zn}_2\text{O}_3$ [10], K_2ZnO_2 [11]]. It is desirable to differentiate two groups for the "cation-rich oxides" of the alkali metals:

In the first case the partner B^I is monovalent or divalent [$B : \text{KCuO}$ [12], KAgO [13], CsAuO [14], KTlO [15]; B^{II} : compare above]. Then all occurring phases are "cation-rich".

In the second case, B is trivalent or of higher valency. "Cation-rich" oxides may occur here (example: the sodium $\text{Li}_2\text{O}/\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ with LiAl_5O_8 [16], LiAlO_2 [17], Li_5AlO_4 [18,19]; analogous: $\text{Li}_2\text{O}/\text{Ga}_2\text{O}_3$ [19]), but there still apparently exist systems in which such phases are not formed in the usual pressure-temperature range ($\text{Li}_2\text{O}/\text{Sc}_2\text{O}_3$; $\text{Li}_2\text{O}/\text{Y}_2\text{O}_3$ [27]).

I. Preparation of Li_3InO_3

Amounts of "active" In_2O_3 (from $\text{In}_2(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_3 \cdot 6 \text{H}_2\text{O}$ from In metal 99,99%, by thermal decomposition under vacuum) and Li_2O (from LiOH , purest Merck) give Li_3InO_3 as a colorless powder after beating (700°C , dry O_2 gas, 4 hrs.). Guinier exposures of such samples show the reflex origin of LiInO_3 when a sample is first adjusted to $\text{Li}:\text{In} \geq 3:1$.

Relatively large monocrystals [$\phi \approx 0.3 \text{ mm}$] are obtained from these powder samples when they are heated for long periods in a closed system ($900-1100^\circ\text{C}$, 30 days) [9]. The crystals show six-cornered base line surfaces of trigonal appearance. The identity of the powder and monocrystal was established by the good agreement between I_o and I_c with the parameters from the intensity calculation carried out from the monocrystal investigation for the Guinier data, Table 1.

Li_3InO_3 is colorless and practically stable against atmospheric moisture; even water decomposes it only slowly.

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TABLE 1. INTENSITY CALCULATIONS FOR
"GUINIER REFLEXES" ($\text{Cu}-\text{K}_\alpha$)

$\sin^2\theta \cdot 10^3$			Intensity		$\sin^2\theta \cdot 10^3$			Intensity	
H	K	L	Calculated	Observed	H	K	L	Calculated	Observed
2	0	0	0.57	0.57	4	2	0	179.99	179.99
0	0	2	21.86	21.83	2	4	0	179.99	179.76
1	1	0	25.71	25.73	2	3	2	184.71	184.71
1	0	2	30.43	30.43	3	2	2	184.71	184.71
0	1	2	30.43	30.43	4	1	1	185.46	185.46
1	1	1	31.18	31.18	2	3	1	185.46	185.56
2	0	0	34.28	34.28	2	2	4	190.19	190.19
1	1	2	47.57	47.01	1	2	5	196.60	196.60
2	0	2	56.14	56.14	2	1	5	196.60	196.60
0	2	2	56.14	56.14	0	0	6	196.71	196.63
1	2	0	60.00	60.00	3	1	4	198.85	198.85
2	1	0	60.00	60.00	1	3	4	198.85	198.85
2	1	1	65.46	65.46	4	1	2	201.05	201.05
1	2	1	65.46	65.46	2	4	2	201.05	201.72
1	1	3	74.89	74.87	0	1	6	205.20	205.20
3	0	0	77.16	77.13	3	0	6	205.20	205.20
2	1	2	81.85	81.85	3	2	3	212.03	212.03
1	2	2	81.85	81.85	2	3	3	212.03	212.03
0	0	4	87.43	87.39	0	0	0	214.23	214.23
0	1	4	96.00	96.00	1	1	6	222.43	222.58
1	0	4	96.00	95.88	0	4	4	224.56	224.56
0	3	2	99.00	99.00	4	0	4	224.56	224.56
3	0	2	99.00	99.02	4	1	3	229.17	229.17
2	2	0	102.83	102.84	1	4	3	229.17	229.18
2	2	1	103.32	103.35	2	0	6	231.00	231.00
1	2	3	109.18	109.18	0	2	3	231.00	231.00
3	1	3	109.18	109.18	3	3	0	231.42	231.40
3	1	0	111.42	111.42	8	0	2	236.13	236.13
1	3	0	111.42	111.42	0	5	2	236.13	236.13
1	1	4	113.14	113.03	3	3	1	236.68	236.68
1	3	1	116.89	116.89	2	2	5	239.46	239.38
3	1	1	116.80	116.80	2	4	0	239.09	239.09
0	2	4	121.71	121.71	4	2	0	239.09	239.09
2	0	4	121.71	121.71	4	2	1	245.45	245.45
2	2	2	124.71	124.72	2	4	1	245.45	245.45
1	3	2	133.28	133.28	1	3	5	248.03	248.03
3	1	2	133.28	133.28	3	1	3	248.03	248.03
0	0	0	137.14	137.14	3	2	4	250.28	250.28
2	1	4	147.43	147.43	2	3	4	250.28	250.28
1	2	4	147.43	147.43	3	2	3	253.27	253.36
2	2	3	152.03	151.98	1	2	6	256.71	256.71
0	4	2	158.99	158.99	2	1	6	256.71	256.71
4	0	2	158.99	158.99	2	4	2	261.85	261.85
3	1	3	160.60	160.60	4	2	2	261.85	261.85
1	3	3	160.60	160.60	1	5	0	265.70	265.70
1	1	5	162.32	162.36	0	1	0	265.70	265.70
0	2	0	162.83	162.83	1	4	4	267.42	267.42
2	3	0	162.83	162.83	4	1	4	267.42	267.42
0	3	4	164.57	164.57	1	6	1	271.17	271.17
3	0	4	164.57	164.57	8	1	1	271.17	271.17
3	2	1	168.31	168.31	0	3	0	273.85	273.85
2	3	1	168.31	168.31	3	0	0	273.85	273.85

II. Measurements of the Elementary Cell, Space Groups

Revolving crystal, Weissenberg and precession exposures were prepared from an oval polished crystal. They show that Li_3InO_3 crystallizes trigonally. The lattice constants ($\text{Cu}-\text{K}_{\alpha_1}$ -radiation, $\lambda = 1.54051 \text{ \AA}$) are

$$a = 9.606_4 \text{ \AA}, c = 10,420 \text{ \AA}, c/a = 1,064_7. \text{ (Guinier exposure)}$$

There are 12 formula units per elementary cell. Li_3InO_3 (mol. vol. = 41.80 cm^3) is formed from the binary oxides without change in volume (sum of the mol. vol. from Li_2O and In_2O_3 corresponds to Li_3InO_3 : 41.82 cm^3). The unusually good agreement shows that the coordination ratios do not change appreciably during the formation of Li_3InO_3 from Li_2O and In_2O_3 .

The cancellations (($h\ 0.1$) only with $l = 2n$) are characteristic for the space groups

No. 158: $P\bar{3}\text{c}1-C_{3v}^3$ (acentric) and No. 156: $P\bar{3}\text{c}1-D_{3d}^4$ (centric).

III. Clarification of Structure

The reflexes ($h\ k.l$) with $k = 0-6$ and $l = 0-2$ as well as ($h\ h.l$) were measured photometrically (integrated Weissenberg exposure, MoK_{α} radiation, Zeiss high-speed photometer). Intensities of weaker reflexes were evaluated visually. The centric space group $P\bar{3}\text{c}1$ was accepted for the interpretation of the Patterson projections after (00.1), (01.0), and (11.0). The projection after (00.1) yielded with the interpretation temporary parameters x and y , the two other projections z parameter for In^{3+} and O^{2-} as well as indications of the Li positions from the Li-In Pik. Table 2 reproduces the parameters thus obtained.

A. Parameter Refinement By Least Squares Calculation

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The free parameters of In^{34} , O^{2-} , and Li^+ were refined with 1544 reflexes ($h\ k.l$) with $k = 0-6$; they are highlighted in Table 2. 106 other reflexes, for which the error caused by secondary extinction was too great, were not considered. The refinement ended with the parameter values given in Table 3. For this $R = 0.10_7$ ($h\ 0.1$), 0.11_7 ($k\ 1.1$), 0.11_0 ($h\ 2.1$), 0.08_4 ($h\ 3.1$), 0.09_4 ($h\ 4.1$), 0.09_0 ($h\ 5.1$), 0.07_9 ($h\ 6.1$), resp. for 1544 reflexes, total $R = 0.098$. The

observed and calculated structure factors are compared in Table 4. (the eliminated reflexes are provided with a *)

TABLE 2. POINT POSITIONS AND "IDEAL" PARAMETERS
OF Li_3InO_3 AFTER THE INTERPRETATION OF PATTERSON PROJECTIONS

Atom	Point position	Parameter		
		x	y	z
In_1	2 (a)	0	0	1/4
In_2	4 (d)	1/3	2/3	1/4
In_3	6 (f)	1/3	0	1/4
O_1	12 (g)	1/0	2/0	1/8
O_2	12 (g)	4/9	8/9	1/8
O_3	12 (g)	7/9	5/9	1/8
Li_1	12 (g)	1/0	2/0	7/16
Li_2	12 (g)	4/9	8/9	7/16
Li_3	12 (g)	7/9	5/9	7/16

TABLE 3. PARTICLE PARAMETERS
(Standard deviation in parentheses)

	x	y	z	B [\AA^2]
In_1	0	0	0,25	1,27 (4)
In_2	0,33333	0,66667	0,2683 (1)	0,24 (1)
In_3	0,3332 (2)	0	0,25	0,18 (1)
O_1	0,006 (2)	0,218 (1)	0,1267 (7)	0,4 (1)
O_2	0,439 (3)	0,870 (2)	0,1350 (0)	0,0 (1)
O_3	0,760 (2)	0,556 (1)	0,1259 (8)	0,5 (1)
Li_1	0,134 (5)	0,229 (5)	0,431 (3)	1,2 (4)
Li_2	0,431 (5)	0,911 (5)	0,443 (3)	2,8 (5)
Li_3	0,800 (5)	0,552 (5)	0,436 (3)	1,2 (5)

B. The Position of the Li^+ Particles

The position of Li^+ was determined by least square calculations (compare above) and also by a Difference Fourier Synthesis $F_0 - F_c$ for (InO_3) , which distinguishes Li^+ by Piks at $z = 1/4$ subject to termination effects. Table 5 gives a comparison of the parameters determined in this way.

The arrangement of O^{2-} for Li_3InO_3 practically corresponds to an hexagonal close-packed structure (see below). Since for each elementary cell, 12 In^{3+} occupy 1/3 of the total 36 octohedra spaces, there are 3 possibilities of inserting 36 Li^+ in the available spaces (under consideration of point positions at $\text{P}\bar{3}\text{c}1$):

- Occupation of 24 octohedra and 12 tetrahedra spaces

2. Occupation of 12 octohedra and 24 tetrahedra spaces, or
3. Occupation of 36 tetrahedra spaces.

For 1. and 2. the simultaneous occupation of octohedra and tetrahedra spaces leads to Li-Li- and Li-In-distances which are much too short (1.96 \AA). At the same time the distance Li-O for Li^+ in octohedron spaces is clearly too great (2.28 \AA against the expected 2.14 \AA).

Inasmuch as there are a total of 72 tetrahedron spaces per elementary cell, whose center of mass is at times marked by the occupation of the point position 12 (g), there are 6 compositions independent of each other for each 12 related "tetrahedron spaces" indicated in the following with the number 1-6. (compare Table 6). When one considers the distances Li-) and Li-Li, or Li-In, resp. as they are given in Table 7, then it follows that only the tetrahedron spaces 2, 4, and 6 of Table 6 should be occupied; this also corresponds to x-ray results in Table 5.

IV. Description of the Li_3InO_3 Structure

There is a "filled" layer structure of CdI_2 basic type, where the basic structure, analogous to CdI_2 , $(\text{In}_{2/3} \square_{1/3} \text{O}_2)^{2-}$ becomes "filled" by occupying all tetrahedra spaces of the shell unoccupied intermediate layers with Li^+ , corresponding to $\text{Li}_2 \text{In}_{2/3} \square_{1/3} \text{O}_2 \equiv \text{Li}_3\text{InO}_3$.

The occupation of the octohedra spaces (In^{3+}) and the tetrahedra spaces (Li^+) alternately in layers parallel to the hexagonal base of the close-packed structure (Figure 1) is characteristic.

If the positions of In^{3+} and O^{2-} correspond to the ideal positions of the hexagonal close-packed structure, then a subcell would develop of the true elementary cell with $a_{\text{sub}} = 1/\sqrt[3]{\cdot} a_{\text{obs}}$ ($Z = 4\text{Li}_3\text{InO}_3$). Compare Figure 2. /250

TABLE 4. OBSERVED STRUCTURE AMPLITUDES F_0
AND CALCULATED STRUCTURE AMPLITUDES F_c

H	K	L	F_0	F_c	H	K	L	F_0	F_c	H	K	L	F_0	F_c	H	K	L	F_0	F_c
1	0	0	0	0	7	0	-8	63	67	7	0	-16	75	-61	18	0	-12	60	-60
0	0	2	185	-4930	9	0	-4	156	1900	11	0	12	96	-55	8	0	26	41	-35
1	0	2	94	-31	0	0	-4	165	1920	3	0	18	97	-92	21	0	0	72	-85
1	0	-2	8	-29	0	0	12	120	132	3	0	-18	63	-93	21	0	2	81	-93
2	0	0	8	-4	1	0	12	34	-45	4	0	-14	63	-98	21	0	-2	66	-83
2	0	-2	0	-29	1	8	-12	68	86	15	0	0	136	148	18	0	14	46	-54
2	0	-2	39	24	2	8	-12	68	94	10	0	-14	56	-99	10	0	-14	46	-55
3	0	0	197	3470	2	8	-12	42	-46	0	0	16	61	64	21	0	4	68	89
0	0	4	161	-2364	0	0	10	311	-1316	15	0	2	123	-131	21	0	-4	73	88
3	0	0	00	-91	0	0	10	192	-2359	15	0	-2	155	-167	21	0	6	92	-74
1	0	-4	36	-93	10	0	-6	0	12	9	0	18	92	-59	21	0	-6	70	-84
3	0	2	251	-6030	3	0	12	154	2000	13	0	-10	52	-39	21	0	0	46	67
3	0	-2	193	-3430	3	0	-12	172	1990	15	0	4	141	149	21	0	-6	53	68
2	0	0	63	67	10	0	-2	6	23	19	0	-4	157	154	18	0	10	47	93
2	0	-4	40	-47	18	0	-2	0	2	12	0	12	123	-122	21	0	10	48	-66
0	0	0	6	-4	9	0	-6	103	-2260	12	0	-12	119	113	21	0	-10	51	-50
0	0	-2	60	60	9	0	-6	184	-2190	0	0	18	97	-49	1	1	0	78	135
0	0	-2	8	-25	8	0	8	33	99	0	0	-18	102	-84	8	1	2	78	-29
0	0	4	294	9300	0	0	-6	36	-98	0	0	16	113	106	8	1	2	95	31
0	0	-6	240	-4220	4	0	12	78	-97	9	0	-16	123	106	2	1	0	27	-2
0	0	6	218	-3630	4	0	-12	89	93	11	0	14	52	-97	1	1	1	153	-232
2	0	6	55	94	10	0	-4	44	-38	15	0	6	141	-149	1	1	2	71	-122
1	0	-6	67	-88	10	0	-4	6	24	15	0	-6	109	-114	2	1	2	68	33
0	0	0	8	-6	7	0	10	48	47	8	0	20	62	-36	1	1	3	144	207
0	0	-4	50	-48	7	0	-10	73	-78	7	0	-18	81	-64	2	1	2	6	-28
0	0	-4	57	58	9	0	12	79	83	1	0	-20	47	90	8	1	4	35	53
2	0	0	58	-71	9	0	-12	41	-57	2	0	-20	62	-63	8	1	4	63	-51
2	0	-6	78	73	9	0	-8	191	2240	13	0	-12	98	48	3	1	0	32	-3
0	0	2	0	-21	9	0	-8	192	2240	10	0	-14	93	-62	1	1	4	54	-96
0	0	-2	33	20	10	0	-6	42	42	3	0	20	90	81	3	1	2	20	-36
0	0	0	156	-2130	10	0	-6	42	-38	3	0	-20	71	-98	3	1	2	45	27
0	0	-6	254	-4610	0	0	14	159	-116	19	0	-6	112	112	2	1	4	68	88
0	0	4	33	39	1	0	14	79	-88	15	0	-8	128	106	2	1	4	46	62
0	0	-6	61	-57	8	0	18	54	-69	12	0	14	85	-75	1	1	9	130	-175
0	0	6	214	2860	6	0	12	166	173	12	0	-14	113	-166	4	1	0	64	99
0	0	2	208	-2070	6	0	-12	165	170	8	0	18	53	-58	4	1	1	147	-197
0	0	-2	257	-4230	2	0	14	74	-83	4	0	-20	62	-96	4	1	1	121	150
0	0	0	65	53	2	0	-14	38	-43	11	0	16	47	-49	3	1	4	30	51
0	0	-6	64	-77	3	0	14	103	-119	9	0	18	80	-70	3	1	4	66	-147
0	0	8	231	3600	3	0	-14	162	-176	0	0	-18	91	-70	4	1	2	72	-100
0	0	-6	73	-69	10	0	0	53	-52	15	0	10	82	-84	4	1	2	56	-79
1	0	-6	89	101	10	0	-8	56	52	15	0	-10	120	-114	8	1	6	69	-88
2	0	0	70	84	7	0	12	46	-44	6	0	20	62	-94	8	1	6	61	-54
2	0	-6	76	67	7	0	12	84	77	6	0	20	88	73	1	1	6	38	-61
0	0	4	248	3300	4	0	14	53	40	13	0	-14	58	-49	4	1	3	147	178
0	0	-4	270	3960	4	0	-14	92	-91	7	0	-20	52	55	4	1	3	130	-163
0	0	0	58	58	12	0	6	176	181	10	0	-10	52	-51	2	1	6	80	60
0	0	-6	59	59	9	0	18	160	-174	12	0	16	64	55	2	1	6	77	-81
0	0	0	70	-10	9	0	-10	160	-174	12	0	-16	77	65	9	1	0	26	-79
0	0	0	181	2360	12	0	-2	253	-223	8	0	22	57	-37	4	1	1	57	74
0	0	-6	290	2710	12	0	-2	157	-170	1	0	22	40	-44	4	1	4	53	76
0	0	2	70	24	9	0	14	73	-84	2	0	22	47	-43	5	1	2	36	25
7	0	-2	0	-23	12	0	-4	193	209	15	0	12	80	89	5	1	2	0	-18
4	0	0	74	58	12	0	-4	184	195	15	0	12	98	96	1	1	7	127	165
4	0	-6	65	73	8	0	12	94	67	3	0	22	46	-32	3	1	6	59	-66
0	0	0	252	-3540	6	0	14	144	-156	3	0	22	73	-64	3	1	6	84	70
0	0	-6	159	-1980	6	0	14	104	-165	18	0	6	125	129	4	1	5	126	-158
7	0	0	57	-43	11	0	0	42	40	4	0	22	46	-51	4	1	5	141	172
7	0	-4	0	31	8	0	16	151	148	8	0	2	30	-15	5	1	4	52	-43
0	0	10	206	-2730	10	0	10	42	50	18	0	2	122	-116	9	1	4	47	46
0	0	0	0	-12	10	0	-10	85	-55	18	0	-2	114	-114	8	1	8	91	101
1	0	10	67	69	1	0	-16	77	89	11	0	18	40	-45	8	1	8	71	-69
1	0	-10	83	-94	12	0	-6	134	-142	13	0	-16	46	44	6	1	0	20	-7
0	0	0	68	79	12	0	-6	198	-199	18	0	4	102	97	1	1	6	36	-36
0	0	-6	90	-50	12	0	-16	63	74	18	0	-4	101	97	4	1	6	36	-40
0	0	-2	46	38	3	0	16	77	73	9	0	20	54	-32	4	1	6	36	-40
2	0	0	10	-103	3	0	-16	93	94	0	0	22	71	-98	6	1	2	2	-13
2	0	-10	93	53	9	0	12	102	-101	6	0	22	50	-30	6	1	2	40	-34
7	0	6	72	61	9	0	-12	108	101	18	0	6	100	-99	2	1	0	64	-97
7	0	-6	52	-43	7	0	-14	77	-69	18	0	-6	105	-100	2	1	8	76	-85
3	0	0	198	-2770	4	0	-16	84	71	15	0	14	76	-84	4	1	7	129	138
3	0	-10	119	-1360	11	0	18	49	-45	15	0	-14	55	-62	4	1	7	120	-142
0	0	4	27	31	12	0	-6	128	131	12	0	10	63	-62	6	1	4	44	41
0	0	-4	35	-40	12	0	-6	145	142	12	0	-18	45	-40	6	1	4	31	-42
0	0	0	169	2290	9	0	16	62	71	18	0	8	102	102	3	1	8	60	81
0	0	-8	175	2030	8	0	14	58	-63	18	0	6	101	102	7	1	8	60	-59
0	0	18	99	53	10	0	-12	49	91	0	0	24	40	-49	8	1	6	61	-61
0	0	-10	78	-78	6	0	16	93	87	3	0	24	43	-34	5	1	6	48	-54
0	0	0	255	3360	6	0	-16	84	69	18	0	10	82	-83	1	1	9	129	-143
0	0	2	250	-2540	9	0	14	87	-92	18	0	10	88	-82	7	1	0	54	60
0	0	-2	216	-2520	9	0	-14	189	-92	15	0	16	59	55	7	1	1	116	-119
0	0	0	33	-42	0	0	10	101	-09	15	0	-16	46	-48</					

TABLE 4. OBSERVED STRUCTURE AMPLITUDES F_0
AND CALCULATED STRUCTURE AMPLITUDES F_c (continued)

H	K	L	F _O	F _C	H	K	L	F _O	F _C	H	K	L	F _O	F _C	H	K	L	F _O	F _C	
21	1	0	43	-38	0	1	18	97	-56	1	2	6	72	-81	7	2	8	65	85	
21	1	-4	6	15	12	1	14	39	-44	1	2	-6	76	-80	7	2	-8	59	-51	
1	1	19	95	95	1	1	21	62	-64	4	2	-5	8	-16	*1	2	13	93	106	
7	1	20	61	-97	9	1	-26	57	58	4	2	-2	47	28	3	2	12	43	-42	
0	1	-10	44	98	7	1	19	60	64	*1	2	7	140	-165	3	2	-12	78	62	
13	1	0	45	45	7	1	-19	54	-69	2	2	6	46	-38	9	2	4	35	-37	
11	1	-6	47	-31	16	1	9	79	-74	4	2	4	43	37	9	2	-4	41	25	
9	1	-14	63	-73	16	1	-9	83	67	4	2	-4	49	-47	0	2	7	100	-101	
22	1	0	6	-14	13	1	13	88	-99	3	2	8	72	85	0	2	-7	116	113	
12	1	-2	0	-4	13	1	-13	69	69	5	2	1	131	149	6	2	10	47	48	
12	1	-2	0	26	16	1	17	65	-66	5	2	-1	160	-172	0	2	-10	78	-64	
10	1	9	99	-94	16	1	-17	65	70	5	2	2	63	-69	9	2	11	01	-93	
16	1	-9	162	160	11	1	10	94	49	5	2	-2	72	-83	9	2	-11	104	185	
0	1	16	87	09	9	1	10	94	-53	3	2	6	54	-48	2	2	13	96	106	
4	1	15	64	83	6	1	20	44	52	3	2	-6	62	-69	4	2	12	69	74	
4	1	-15	68	-93	4	1	21	54	-61	2	2	7	133	-143	4	2	-12	42	-44	
7	1	13	63	95	4	1	-21	55	63	*1	2	8	36	36	15	2	0	0	-14	
7	1	-13	79	98	14	1	12	47	48	5	2	3	139	-139	9	2	6	54	49	
8	1	-12	62	61	16	1	7	62	59	5	2	-3	148	153	9	2	-6	48	-34	
12	1	6	0	13	16	1	-7	72	-54	8	2	8	76	-67	10	2	2	0	0	
12	1	-4	46	-34	15	1	16	44	-20	6	2	-8	79	04	10	2	-2	0	27	
0	1	14	70	-06	0	1	22	58	-44	1	2	8	76	85	-1	2	14	35	35	
2	1	-16	71	74	2	1	-22	53	-51	1	2	-8	57	-57	0	2	14	28	43	
11	1	6	40	-42	12	1	16	53	43	5	2	4	48	54	0	2	14	14	2	
11	1	-8	92	45	16	1	9	56	-51	5	2	-4	42	97	7	2	10	77	-71	
3	1	16	72	71	16	1	-9	64	58	4	2	6	59	-63	7	2	-10	92	48	
12	1	6	6	-22	13	1	15	96	53	4	2	-6	54	49	1	2	14	87	-94	
12	1	-6	41	42	13	1	-15	68	-66	6	2	6	6	-6	1	2	-14	49	42	
9	1	12	58	54	0	1	-29	39	42	2	2	8	29	24	10	2	2	33	21	
0	1	-12	50	-38	15	1	19	55	37	6	2	2	38	27	10	2	-4	40	-36	
13	1	6	30	32	14	1	-14	92	-39	6	2	-2	0	-13	0	2	9	106	105	
13	1	-1	108	-94	7	1	21	82	-63	*1	2	9	134	143	8	2	9	104	-95	
13	1	-1	83	75	7	1	-21	43	59	5	2	5	137	137	9	2	6	48	-51	
1	1	7	84	-84	11	1	16	46	-42	5	2	-5	111	-121	9	2	-8	50	44	
10	1	11	73	72	1	1	23	41	58	3	2	8	64	-63	6	2	12	48	-52	
10	1	-11	77	-79	10	1	19	42	52	3	2	-8	72	81	6	2	12	78	73	
13	1	3	92	89	16	1	-19	49	-57	5	2	6	42	-46	3	2	-14	61	-77	
13	1	-3	60	-74	16	1	11	59	58	6	2	4	65	-48	*1	2	15	81	95	
5	1	-16	64	66	16	1	11	70	-64	6	2	-4	40	29	5	2	13	87	94	
11	1	10	38	41	15	1	16	55	-46	2	2	9	118	126	5	2	13	86	-88	
13	1	-10	54	-43	15	1	14	50	-41	-1	2	13	6	-6	10	2	6	51	-35	
12	1	8	36	35	13	1	-17	47	50	7	2	0	6	-12	10	2	-6	106	102	
12	1	-8	38	-42	13	1	17	62	-59	0	2	10	55	53	11	2	8	38	26	
0	1	-14	99	-62	14	1	16	46	37	0	2	-10	96	-103	11	2	1	82	81	
13	1	5	82	73	16	1	13	56	-60	4	2	8	85	81	11	2	-1	99	-90	
13	1	-5	92	89	16	1	-13	63	56	4	2	-8	71	-61	11	2	2	42	-31	
7	1	15	75	80	19	1	1	56	-54	7	2	2	6	-15	11	2	-2	42	-34	
7	1	-15	66	-72	19	1	-1	65	60	7	2	-2	41	27	11	2	3	106	-97	
0	1	16	89	65	19	1	3	50	-45	5	2	7	129	-139	11	2	3	106	102	
4	1	17	70	-82	19	1	-3	62	-51	5	2	7	126	131	4	2	14	72	-76	
4	1	-17	65	75	19	1	9	52	-50	1	2	10	74	-82	2	2	15	80	-89	
0	1	18	72	-72	19	1	-5	44	44	1	2	10	52	54	11	2	4	35	34	
4	1	18	55	55	15	1	16	33	36	6	2	6	55	55	7	2	12	72	76	
2	1	-18	63	-62	19	1	7	52	57	6	2	-6	55	-52	7	2	12	47	-41	
13	1	7	74	70	19	1	-7	50	-51	7	2	4	39	29	8	2	11	92	-96	
13	1	-7	91	-83	12	1	20	47	41	7	2	-4	57	-40	8	2	11	73	81	
9	1	14	68	-60	13	1	19	47	55	5	2	8	31	27	11	2	-5	109	109	
9	1	-14	35	32	16	1	19	44	-48	-1	2	11	125	-119	11	2	-5	99	-95	
16	1	13	80	-74	19	1	0	45	-50	3	2	10	63	65	10	2	8	62	38	
10	1	-13	70	69	19	1	-1	55	55	3	2	-8	83	-86	15	2	8	47	-45	
3	1	10	70	-71	0	2	0	0	-4	0	2	2	64	59	-1	2	16	33	-47	
12	1	10	49	-67	-1	2	2	22	67	-122	8	2	1	142	136	9	2	10	44	45
23	1	18	66	62	0	2	2	41	24	8	2	-1	113	-109	9	2	10	67	-55	
3	1	19	70	73	8	2	2	12	-29	8	2	-2	58	-57	0	2	16	68	74	
23	1	0	90	-79	1	2	2	0	-2	8	2	-2	46	-41	1	2	16	69	74	
13	1	-6	76	67	*1	2	3	125	-207	2	2	1	122	-123	2	2	16	36	-48	
0	1	-16	67	69	1	2	2	0	-28	8	2	-3	125	-122	6	2	14	41	39	
9	1	-18	62	-65	1	2	2	2	56	33	8	2	-3	111	-105	6	2	14	00	-75
7	1	17	67	-65	2	2	0	0	181	163	7	2	6	45	-39	11	2	7	77	-79
7	1	-17	69	71	-2	2	1	137	190	7	2	-6	63	53	11	2	7	83	76	
82	1	12	48	98	-1	2	1	92	-47	5	2	-9	114	119	3	2	16	76	80	
0	1	18	91	-53	0	2	4	92	-47	5	2	-9	126	-126	5	2	15	81	-91	
0	1	19	60	73	8	2	2	42	67	4	2	15	79	-79	5	2	12	76	82	
5	1	19	96	-67	2	2	2	2	72	-162	4	2	15	63	61	-1	2	17	73	64
5	1	16	70	63	1	2	2	4	47	62	6	2	8	54	-40	10	2	10	99	-45
10	1	19	76	77	1	2	2	4	70	-58	6	2	-8	75	65	10	2	10	46	42
10	1	-15	72	-70	2	2	2	3	148	-192	8	2	4	57	39	4	2	16	76	79
8	1	20	97	90	-1	2	2	9	134	175	8	2	-4	48	37	8	2	13	68	75
8	1	-14	67	65	3	2	1	6	-9	*1	2	12	5	-18	8	2	13	80	-65	
3	1	20	44	-61	3	2	2	9	98	-40	6	2	12	33	-46	7	2	14	62	-61
3	1	11	76	76	3	2	2	0	-28	6	2	12	95	94	9	2	12	42	-37	
3	1	-11	69	-62	2	2	2	4	08	91	1	2	2	67	95	9	2	12	65	65
5	1	-20	91																	

TABLE 4. OBSERVED STRUCTURE AMPLITUDES F_0 AND CALCULATED STRUCTURE AMPLITUDES F_c

(continued)

H	K	L	F_0	F_c	H	K	L	F_0	F_c	H	K	L	F_0	F_c	H	K	L	F_0	F_c		
0	0	2	204	-343.0	1	3	22	47	-47	12	3	18	123	-110	-1	4	6	81	70		
0	0	2	267	-603.0	1	3	12	69	91	12	3	16	119	-117	-1	4	6	49	-60		
0	0	0	0	-3	0	3	4	90	-47	5	3	18	63	-59	1	4	9	182	-172		
0	0	2	42	27	8	3	4	0	13	6	3	16	63	57	1	4	5	143	190		
0	0	0	0	-36	2	3	12	71	02	-1	3	20	96	97	3	4	0	0	-26		
0	0	4	43	62	2	3	12	46	-46	16	3	14	91	-40	2	4	6	4	49		
0	0	4	44	-58	9	3	10	72	-72	0	3	20	69	98	0	4	6	55	-67		
0	0	0	0	-5	9	3	16	31	48	6	3	20	96	01	0	4	6	69	-77		
0	0	4	241	4220	0	3	0	101	199	1	3	20	66	62	3	4	2	0	-7		
0	0	4	274	5388	3	3	12	109	121	6	3	18	89	-70	-2	4	7	33	22		
0	0	0	0	-28	0	3	2	176	-191	6	3	18	51	-46	2	4	7	143	133		
0	0	0	54	40	0	3	2	215	-253	15	3	8	128	122	1	4	6	41	-56		
0	0	0	45	-47	7	3	8	92	-49	9	3	16	80	70	1	4	6	34	-40		
0	0	0	41	91	7	3	8	95	47	0	3	16	68	58	3	4	4	46	38		
0	0	0	307	5550	0	3	6	44	-37	12	3	12	80	77	3	4	4	56	-46		
0	0	0	34	42	0	3	6	47	49	12	3	12	89	77	4	4	1	159	-122		
0	0	0	33	-45	6	3	10	194	-205	15	3	2	137	-141	4	4	2	95	73		
0	0	0	233	-3544	6	3	10	114	-124	15	3	2	120	-114	2	4	6	55	49		
0	0	0	68	-81	0	3	0	205	218	7	3	18	49	-47	2	4	6	61	-65		
0	0	0	66	60	0	3	4	214	-236	15	3	4	140	132	1	4	7	150	142		
0	0	0	269	-4610	4	3	12	67	69	15	3	4	129	129	1	4	7	133	-130		
0	0	0	154	-2130	1	3	14	66	-94	15	3	6	105	-102	0	4	3	144	139		
0	0	0	78	78	8	3	14	159	-176	19	3	6	127	-127	-1	4	6	64	-59		
0	0	0	56	-60	0	3	14	124	-119	10	3	16	51	45	1	4	6	73	61		
0	0	0	0	-6	0	3	0	52	93	0	3	18	56	-49	4	4	6	57	50		
0	0	0	176	2366	0	3	8	37	-42	5	3	20	49	93	3	4	6	02	-68		
0	0	2	28	22	1	3	14	33	-42	16	3	8	0	-11	3	4	6	49	-47		
0	0	2	0	-7	1	3	14	78	-77	12	3	14	81	-71	9	4	6	0	10		
0	0	0	63	-69	10	3	0	8	-13	12	3	14	81	-72	9	4	2	40	-28		
0	0	0	45	45	9	3	0	214	-223	0	3	22	77	-64	0	4	6	0	-9		
0	0	0	42	-46	0	3	6	142	-154	0	3	20	79	67	0	4	6	111	-126		
0	0	0	34	38	9	3	12	71	74	0	3	20	62	51	4	4	9	112	-116		
0	0	0	0	69	55	7	3	10	93	47	15	3	8	83	92	2	4	6	69	-61	
0	0	0	92	-57	7	3	10	66	-97	15	3	8	106	97	2	4	6	81	-61		
0	0	0	6	-15	2	3	14	75	-77	9	3	18	95	-41	4	4	6	29	-34		
0	0	0	106	2710	3	3	14	112	-107	9	3	18	76	-67	5	4	4	51	-42		
0	0	0	8	2364	4	3	12	156	-168	7	3	20	47	46	9	4	4	29	-32		
0	0	0	208	-3044	0	3	12	152	192	15	3	10	04	-98	1	4	6	9	125		
0	0	0	2	0	9	3	0	150	-158	15	3	10	79	-77	1	4	6	108	127		
0	0	0	0	20	0	3	8	142	149	10	3	18	81	-48	6	4	6	0	-12		
0	0	0	62	-59	0	3	10	53	53	15	3	16	85	75	-1	4	10	52	53		
0	0	0	71	81	4	3	14	76	-75	12	3	16	87	75	-1	4	10	92	-78		
0	0	0	46	41	11	3	0	6	-10	15	3	12	86	84	3	4	6	78	-77		
0	0	0	45	-38	7	3	12	42	-49	15	3	12	80	79	3	4	6	68	-61		
0	0	0	73	81	7	3	12	76	69	6	3	22	88	-54	6	4	2	0	-15		
0	0	0	62	-63	-1	3	16	72	74	0	3	20	61	57	6	4	-2	31	25		
0	0	0	97	47	8	3	16	93	94	18	3	8	92	96	4	4	7	129	132		
0	0	0	63	-60	8	3	16	78	73	7	3	22	93	-43	9	4	6	56	51		
0	0	0	0	199	2490	3	3	14	72	-71	18	3	8	27	-90	5	4	6	54	-51	
0	0	0	230	-3360	1	3	16	70	71	18	3	12	103	-107	6	4	4	0	24		
0	0	0	190	-2450	10	3	0	46	41	12	3	18	67	-53	6	4	4	55	-49		
0	0	0	215	2944	9	3	10	108	-107	12	3	16	65	-53	-2	4	11	113	123		
0	0	0	72	-82	9	3	10	157	-162	18	3	4	69	07	2	4	10	65	61		
0	0	0	39	40	2	3	16	03	-80	18	3	4	92	99	-2	4	10	80	-79		
0	0	0	49	-51	6	3	14	94	-95	15	3	14	62	-56	7	4	5	51	51		
0	0	0	56	59	6	3	14	143	-140	15	3	14	74	-72	7	4	5	176	-127		
0	0	0	110	-1360	8	3	12	51	56	15	3	6	92	-96	7	4	5	97	99		
0	0	0	203	-2770	12	3	0	195	198	18	3	6	75	-81	1	4	11	99	108		
0	0	0	235	3200	3	3	16	135	131	15	3	8	75	78	1	4	11	106	-120		
0	0	0	264	2740	12	3	17	174	-168	10	3	6	92	79	7	4	2	53	-52		
0	0	0	51	93	12	3	2	154	-166	15	3	16	53	49	7	4	-2	49	-36		
0	0	0	13	-19	0	3	16	131	133	18	3	18	59	-63	7	4	3	119	119		
0	0	0	0	67	61	12	3	4	131	134	18	3	18	65	-76	7	4	-3	103	-116	
0	0	0	74	77	4	3	16	09	-78	-1	4	0	0	8	-3	6	4	6	-37		
0	0	0	0	-9	10	3	18	57	-49	-2	4	2	21	-102	6	4	-6	60	35		
0	0	0	0	35	7	3	14	76	-68	-1	4	2	44	-27	3	4	10	67	-76		
0	0	0	0	-9	0	3	12	125	123	-1	4	2	2	-0	-36	4	4	9	109	-121	
0	0	0	81	-86	9	3	12	135	132	0	4	0	0	0	-4	3	4	10	56		
0	0	0	57	65	12	3	6	136	143	-2	4	0	3	166	-192	9	4	2	52	-50	
0	0	0	163	-1820	12	3	6	146	-143	0	4	2	65	40	5	4	-8	60	57		
0	0	0	206	-2940	5	3	16	73	62	1	4	1	0	73	99	7	4	-4	40	36	
0	0	0	0	-30	-1	3	10	59	-62	1	4	1	1	162	-158	7	4	-4	34	49	
0	0	0	44	28	0	3	10	61	-53	1	4	1	1	182	197	-1	4	12	37	-47	
0	0	0	01	66	6	3	10	182	-192	-2	4	0	4	89	91	-1	4	12	81	91	
0	0	0	96	-66	13	3	6	8	-16	-1	4	0	4	65	-47	8	4	12	80	93	
0	0	0	193	-228	1	3	10	78	-71	-1	4	0	4	37	51	7	4	5	9	-51	
0	0	0	6	-9	0	3	14	04	-68	-1	4	2	2	62	-79	7	4	-5	123	123	
0	0	0	12	04	05	2	3	18	76	-67	-1	4	2	2	71	-100	6	4	0	64	56
0	0	0	58	63	16	69	65	0	4	0	4	4	65	98	6	4	-8	50	-48		
0	0	0	-5	0	3	16	87	06	0	4	0	-4	90	-40	-2	4	13	93	-106		
0	0	0	20	12	3	0	144	150	1	4	3	3	160	163	2	4	12	36	-44		

TABLE 4. OBSERVED STRUCTURE AMPLITUDES F_0 AND CALCULATED STRUCTURE AMPLITUDES F_c

(continued)

H	K	L	F _O	F _C	H	K	L	F _O	F _C	H	K	L	F _O	F _C	H	K	L	F _O	F _C		
20	4	31	42	93	6	5	2	40	35	2	9	17	80	81	1	6	6	56	50		
20	4	31	46	-57	6	5	-2	0	-9	2	9	-17	67	-75	1	6	-6	57	-61		
0	0	16	90	-91	1	5	10	.86	-85	4	9	16	65	61	-3	6	8	202	294 ₀		
0	4	10	01	05	1	5	10	.91	52	2	5	18	69	-67	-2	6	8	66	-61		
0	2	4	0	-5	0	5	31	102	-108	0	5	18	61	-59	-2	6	8	74	81		
0	3	5	0	76	0	5	11	108	120	11	9	7	78	-69	-1	6	8	67	68		
0	1	5	4	135	1980	4	5	4	.43	-39	11	9	-7	90	83	-1	6	-8	.52	-63	
0	1	5	4	333	-1970	0	5	-4	32	23	7	9	14	68	-85	3	6	4	207	278 ₀	
0	2	5	2	14	-28	4	5	0	.58	57	0	9	13	72	73	3	6	-4	212	320 ₀	
0	2	5	2	47	40	4	5	-8	.45	-80	0	9	-13	70	-64	2	6	6	52	-52	
0	3	5	2	66	-79	3	5	7	100	-101	-1	9	19	69	-67	2	6	-6	94	55	
0	1	5	2	69	-100	7	9	0	0	-10	1	9	-19	73	73	4	6	0	12	9	
0	0	5	0	0	0	0	5	12	.77	82	11	5	9	89	.79	0	6	0	171	203 ₀	
0	1	5	3	149	-1630	0	5	12	.49	-46	11	5	9	76	-.86	0	6	-8	177	279 ₀	
0	1	5	3	149	1780	7	5	2	.35	27	0	9	16	99	-56	4	6	2	33	25	
0	0	5	2	43	.28	3	5	10	.39	48	3	5	16	66	-59	4	6	-2	0	-15	
0	0	5	2	6	-21	1	5	16	.72	-72	5	5	17	60	64	1	6	8	.55	.54	
0	2	5	4	39	-42	6	5	6	.33	39	4	9	16	55	-51	1	6	-8	.55	.60	
0	2	5	4	52	-45	6	5	-6	.44	-39	2	9	19	58	-68	3	6	0	207	254 ₀	
0	3	5	0	8	-9	1	5	11	104	-185	2	9	19	49	82	3	6	-6	176	-162 ₀	
0	1	5	4	59	-76	2	6	11	.90	-85	7	9	16	70	-59	4	6	4	.52	.40	
0	1	5	4	92	74	0	5	12	.50	-37	8	9	15	70	-76	4	6	-4	.27	.24	
0	3	5	2	6	-18	8	9	12	.84	83	9	9	15	62	-64	-3	6	10	188	-228 ₀	
0	1	5	2	35	-25	7	5	4	.46	-46	11	9	11	86	-70	5	6	0	13	12	
0	0	5	4	69	-57	1	5	12	.89	82	11	9	11	62	97	2	6	10	.57	.61	
0	0	5	4	34	-39	4	5	10	.71	-60	1	4	9	1	49	55	2	6	10	.69	.79
0	1	5	5	149	-172	4	5	10	.39	.48	1	4	9	-1	50	-50	2	6	8	.68	.65
0	0	5	0	149	-150	5	5	9	.92	92	1	4	9	3	70	-69	2	6	8	.42	.40
0	2	5	0	73	.85	1	5	13	.06	.163	4	9	-3	76	72	5	6	2	0	-9	
0	2	5	1	159	-172	1	5	13	.92	-90	0	6	-18	66	-53	9	6	-2	31	35	
0	2	5	1	152	-149	0	5	6	.46	.44	5	5	19	34	-68	1	6	10	.79	.86	
0	3	5	4	47	-46	0	5	5	.94	.97	1	4	9	5	66	-70	1	6	10	.88	.95
0	3	5	4	94	-43	0	5	1	116	-114	1	4	9	-5	93	-67	4	6	-6	.58	.55
0	2	5	2	73	-83	0	5	2	.54	-31	1	4	9	13	58	-54	4	6	-6	.34	.36
0	2	5	2	51	-69	0	5	-2	.56	-43	1	4	9	-13	62	-64	0	6	10	.199	-235 ₀
0	2	5	0	65	-69	6	5	8	.56	-52	0	9	17	58	-60	0	6	10	.120	-131 ₀	
0	2	5	6	91	-48	6	5	-8	.53	-40	0	9	17	65	-68	5	6	4	.25	.23	
0	1	5	6	49	-56	7	5	6	.43	-35	7	9	18	62	-50	5	6	-4	.31	.39	
0	1	5	6	36	-48	7	5	-6	.45	-42	1	4	9	7	51	-35	3	6	10	.192	.198
0	2	5	3	160	-153	8	5	-3	.87	-66	1	4	9	-7	43	-52	3	6	-8	.154	.179
0	0	5	3	144	-139	0	5	-3	.105	-102	1	4	9	9	45	-49	1	6	10	.16	.142
0	0	5	0	72	-59	0	5	4	.40	-26	1	4	9	-9	45	-51	1	6	10	.67	.65
0	0	5	6	61	-64	3	5	-12	.70	74	1	4	9	-15	64	-65	6	6	8	.226	287 ₀
0	0	5	0	0	-15	2	5	14	.71	-77	1	4	9	11	50	-59	6	6	2	.206	-225 ₀
0	2	5	4	48	-57	0	5	5	.94	-96	1	4	9	-11	54	-61	5	6	6	.35	.34
0	2	5	4	46	-54	6	5	5	.93	-81	1	4	9	13	53	-58	5	6	6	.32	.39
0	3	5	2	24	-20	2	5	13	.86	80	1	4	9	-13	51	-56	2	6	10	.66	.64
0	3	5	2	6	-6	2	5	13	.96	-94	1	4	9	1	45	-51	2	6	10	.38	.30
0	1	5	7	152	-142	7	5	0	.63	.90	1	4	9	-1	58	-59	4	6	8	.50	.48
0	1	5	7	140	-138	7	5	-8	.53	-48	1	4	9	3	33	-42	4	6	-8	.55	.56
0	1	5	6	64	-61	0	5	14	.75	-84	1	4	9	-3	47	-51	6	6	4	.160	.174
0	2	5	6	123	-121	9	5	11	104	-100	-2	6	6	8	6	-4	3	6	12	.114	.121
0	2	5	6	29	-34	0	5	-7	.87	88	3	6	-2	.0	132	-354 ₀	2	6	12	.31	.44
0	2	5	6	38	-46	-1	5	19	.82	-93	3	6	-4	.152	236 ₀	-2	6	12	.28	.34	
0	4	9	2	41	-39	0	5	-9	.83	82	-2	6	4	.50	-47	7	6	-2	.0	2	
0	4	9	2	75	-81	7	5	10	.46	.48	0	6	-2	.0	180	-423 ₀	6	6	8	.190	.194
0	4	9	2	63	-63	1	5	14	.60	-73	0	6	-2	.0	6	-18	3	6	10	.117	.120
0	4	9	0	0	-10	0	5	7	166	-101	1	4	9	-2	28	-25	7	6	0	.0	-13
0	4	9	0	29	-34	0	5	-7	.87	88	0	6	-2	.0	153	-286 ₀	0	6	12	.173	.178
0	4	9	0	38	-46	-1	5	19	.82	-93	3	6	-4	.152	236 ₀	8	6	12	.162	.173	
0	4	9	2	41	-39	0	5	-9	.83	82	-2	6	4	.50	-47	7	6	-2	.0	2	
0	4	9	2	39	-28	7	5	18	.68	-52	-2	6	-4	.43	-37	7	6	-2	.0	2	
0	4	9	2	59	-59	7	5	10	.46	.48	0	6	-2	.0	180	-423 ₀	6	6	8	.190	.194
0	4	9	8	73	-70	3	5	-14	.76	-71	0	6	-2	.0	167	-287 ₀	9	6	8	.56	.48
0	4	9	7	131	-131	0	5	9	.94	.84	-1	6	4	.44	46	-56	9	6	-8	.48	.52
0	4	9	7	132	-139	0	5	9	.96	-96	1	4	9	-4	49	-43	1	6	12	.48	.53
0	4	9	4	39	-32	-2	5	16	.75	66	2	6	-6	.94	-65	7	6	-12	.77	.80	
0	4	9	4	49	-42	2	5	13	.83	-82	1	4	9	2	51	-34	4	6	10	.33	.45
0	4	9	0	72	-69	2	5	15	.80	.91	1	4	9	-2	6	-13	4	6	-10	.73	.61
0	4	9	0	66	-66	9	5	13	.94	.90	0	6	-4	.264	396 ₀	2	6	12	.72	.73	
0	4	9	0	61	-59	0	5	-12	.63	.59	0	6	-6	.4	190	-324 ₀	2	6	12	.34	.52
0	4	9	6	47	-51	4	5	14	.63	-74	-3	6	-2	.0	188	-324 ₀	6	6	8	.193	.199
0	4	9	0	118	-123	0	5	-16	.67	.71	-2	6	6	.54	49	-59	7	6	-6	.39	.32
0	4	9	0	114	-127	1	5	16	.64	.66	-2	6	6	.64	-45	3	6	14	168	-107 ₀	
0	4	9	8	122	-115	7	5	12	.62	.51	2	6	6	0	8	-6	2	6	12	.73	.76
0	4	9	2	49	-54	11	5	1	104	.91	1	4	9	-4	55	-42	5	6	10	.156	.156
0	4	9	0	66	-66	9	5	13	.74	.74	1	4	9	-4	37	-41	5	6	10	.45	.54
0																					

TABLE 5. PARAMETERS OF Li PARTICLES

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LSQU = Least Squares Calculations

FOUR = Difference Fourier synthesis

TET = Tetrahedron center of mass in InO_3 structure.

		LSQU	FOUR	TET
Li_1	x	0.134	0.12	0.125
	y	0.229	0.23	0.224
	z	0.431	0.444	0.438
Li_2	x	0.431	0.47	0.450
	y	0.311	0.31	0.300
	z	0.443	0.440	0.443
Li_3	x	0.800	0.80	0.780
	y	0.552	0.56	0.550
	z	0.436	0.434	0.437

TABLE 6. TETRAHEDRA CENTER OF MASS IN THE InO_3 STRUCTURE

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TET		O_1	O_2	O_3	O_4	Li	Li-O in Å
1	x	0.213	0.218	-0.096	0.096	0.1255	1.95 ₁
	y	0.444	0.096	0.122	0.218	0.2242	
	z	0.3741	0.3733	0.3733	0.1267	0.3123	
2	x	0.213	0.218	-0.096	0.122	0.1252	1.96 ₃
	y	0.444	0.096	0.122	0.218	0.2237	
	z	0.3741	0.3733	0.3733	0.6267	0.4334	
3	x	0.560	0.556	0.231	0.439	0.4557	1.94 ₇
	y	1.121	0.769	0.787	0.879	0.8932	
	z	0.3641	0.3741	0.3741	0.1359	0.3222	
4	x	0.560	0.556	0.231	0.440	0.4587	2.02 ₄
	y	1.121	0.769	0.787	0.879	0.8987	
	z	0.3641	0.3741	0.3741	0.6359	0.4425	
5	x	0.878	0.879	0.561	0.769	0.7826	1.93 ₀
	y	0.782	0.439	0.440	0.556	0.5642	
	z	0.3733	0.3641	0.3641	0.1259	0.3108	
6	x	0.878	0.879	0.561	0.787	0.7800	1.97 ₄
	y	0.782	0.439	0.440	0.556	0.5589	
	z	0.3733	0.3641	0.3461	0.6259	0.4366	

TABLE 7. RELATIONS BETWEEN THE SHORTEST DISTANCES AND COMPARISON WITH THE IDEAL HEXAGONAL CLOSE-PACKED STRUCTURE ("OKT" and "TET" respectively = Center of mass of Octohedra and Tetrahedra, respectively)

Distance (spacing)	Li_3InO_3 distance [Å]	Relation	Close-packed structure
OKT - O ²⁻	2.21	1	
TET - O ²⁻	1.00	0.80	0.866
OKT - OKT	3.30	1.45	1
TET ₁ - TET ₁	2.29	1.04	1
TET ₁ - TET ₂	1.29	0.59	0.577
OKT - TET ₁	2.74	1.24	1.190
OKT - TET ₂	1.06	0.89	0.866

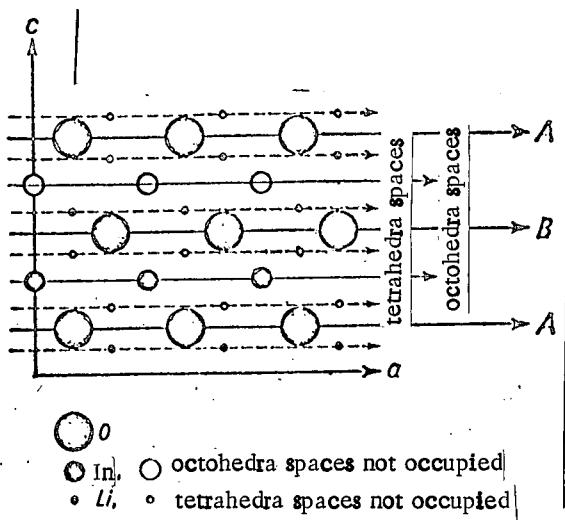


Figure 1. Schematic Representation of the Hexagonal Close-packed Structure (of, for example O^{2-}) the available spaces in it.

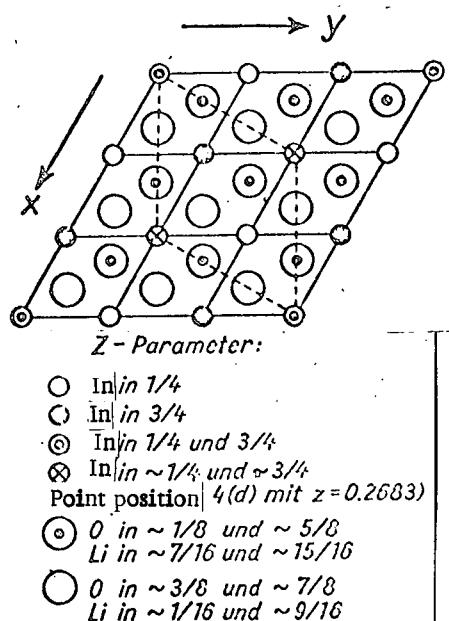


Figure 2. Li_3InO_3 of the Particles According To (00.1) (the sub-cell By Broken Lines)

Inasmuch as $1/3$ of the Cd positions of the CdI_2 type remain empty, the structural geometric equivalence of the occupied octahedra spaces becomes lost: even though each In^{3+} in the same layer contains three other In^{3+} neighbors ($d = 3.202 \text{ \AA}$), in the direction (00.1) however, In^{3+} or In_2^{3+} , respectively has two other In^{3+} neighbors ($d = 5.210 \text{ \AA}$), but In_3^{3+} on the other hand does not. In_2^{3+} deviates from the ideal position ($z = 1/4$ instead of the $z = 0.2683$ formed), whereby the true cell forms from the subcell.

Moving out of In_2 subjects the O^{2-} part to further deviations and leads to this that the distances $\text{In}-\text{O}$ and $\text{Li}-\text{O}$, respectively are somewhat increased (see Table 8). The merely slight angle distortion of the coordination polyhedron around In^{3+} is covered by the data in Table 9. The average distance $d(\text{Li}-\text{O}) = 1.99 \text{ \AA}$ agrees completely with the expected value (compare Table 10). Analogously $d(\text{In}-\text{O}) = 2.21 \text{ \AA}$ is in good agreement with the result for LiInO_2 (2.19 \AA), In_2O_3 , respectively.

V. Calculations of the Madelung Parts of the Lattice Energy (MAPLE) on Li_3InO_3 /253

Since the position parameters of the particles are known for both modifications of In_2O_3 by newer determinations, it seemed attractive to compare the MAPLE values of the binary oxides with those of the ternary oxides LiInO_2 and Li_3InO_3 . The relevant values are summarized in Table 11.

The values in Table 11 show:

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1. As expected the two In_2O_3 modifications don't differ very much (30 kcal/mol.)
2. LiInO_3 with $\Delta H_0^\circ = 11.9 \text{ kcal/mol.}$ would be unstable to decomposition into Li_2O and In_2O_3 if MAPLE represented the total lattice energy.
3. In analogous manner Li_3InO_3 would be unstable to decomposition into Li_2O and LiInO_2 with $\Delta H_0^\circ = +46.7 \text{ k/cal mol.}$

These values show that the MAPLE values above do not decide the stability of the individual phases in the system $\text{Li}_2\text{O}-\text{In}_2\text{O}_3$, as for example Li_3InO_3 . This is really understandable. As may be seen from the crystal structures, or the coordination of O^{2-} , respectively:

- a) the induced dipole moment (i.D.M.) of O^{2-} in the cubic In_2O_3 is certainly low [27]; since a tetrahedron is unfolded approximately from 4 In^{34} ;
- b) the i.D.M. is somewhat greater in rhombohedral In_2O_3 [28], because O^{2-} occupies only 4 of the 6 corner positions of a trigonal prisma, whereby partial compensation takes place;
- c) the i.D.M. is by far at its greatest in Li_3InO_3 , because here the In^{3+} (out of necessity in cis-position) occupies only 2 of the 6 corner positions of a trigonal prism.

TABLE 8. ALL INTERATOMIC DISTANCES UP TO 4.5 Å (Li_3InO_3).

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	P A R T N E R								
	Li_1	Li_2	Li_3	In_1	In_2	In_3	O_1	O_2	O_3
Li_1	2.27(2)	3.04	2.23	2.71	4.09	2.76	1.96	3.71	1.96
	3.23(2)	3.35	3.05	3.75		3.68	1.97(2)	3.75	3.61
	3.95	3.83	3.30				3.25	3.85	3.90
	4.25	3.88	4.31				3.75(3)	3.91	4.50
	4.44						4.46	4.44	
Li_2	3.04	2.07	2.22	--	2.66	2.76	3.63	2.02(2)	2.03(2)
	3.35	3.35(2)	2.34		3.90	3.64	3.72	3.21	3.55
	3.83	4.36	3.08			4.18	3.77	3.75	3.78
	3.88		3.18				3.89	3.82	3.86
			4.01					4.50	
			4.36						
			4.43						
Li_3	2.23	2.22	3.25(2)	4.15	2.85	2.68	1.97	1.98(2)	1.97
	3.05	2.34	3.90(2)	3.60		3.74	3.63	3.72	3.24
	3.30	3.07				4.19	3.85	3.67	3.67
	4.31	3.18					4.45	3.88	3.75
		4.01							3.81
	4.35	4.35							3.82
		4.43							
In_1	2.71(6)	--	4.15(6)	--	--	3.20(3)	2.23(6)	--	3.91(6)
	3.75(6)						4.33(6)		
In_2	4.09(3)	2.66(3)	2.85(3)	--	--	3.21(3)	4.02(3)	2.24(3)	2.16(3)
		3.90(3)	3.60(3)					3.91(3)	4.50(3)
		4.23(3)						4.22(3)	
In_3	2.76(2)	2.76(2)	2.68(2)	3.20	3.21(2)	--	2.18(2)	2.23(2)	2.19(2)
	3.68(2)	3.64(2)	3.74(2)				4.00(2)	3.85(2)	3.99(2)
	4.10(2)	4.18(2)	4.19(2)				4.39(2)	4.45(2)	4.36(2)
O_1	1.96	3.63	1.97	2.23	4.02	2.18	3.03	3.17	3.03
	1.97(2)	3.72	3.63	4.33		4.00	3.15(2)	3.30	3.19
						4.39	3.21(2)	4.40	3.24
							3.27		3.37
							4.45		
							4.49		
O_2	3.75	2.02(2)	1.98(2)	--	2.24	2.23	3.17	3.06(2)	3.03
	3.71	3.21	3.72		3.91	3.85	3.30	3.12	
	3.85	3.75	3.87		4.22	4.45	4.40	3.48	3.19
	3.91	3.82	3.88						3.24
	4.44	4.50							3.31
O_3								3.36	
								4.39	
	1.96	2.03(2)	1.97	3.91	2.15	2.19	3.03	3.03	3.21(2)
	3.61	3.55	3.24		4.50	3.99	3.19	3.12	4.39
	3.90	3.78	3.67			4.36	3.24	3.19	
	4.50	3.86	3.75				3.37	3.24	
			3.81					3.31	
			3.82					3.36	
								4.39	

TABLE 9. BOND ANGLES WITHIN THE InO_6 -OCTAHEDRON.

O -	In ₁	In ₂	In ₃		
	O ^u ₁	O ^u ₁	O ^u ₁	O ^u ₂	O ^u ₂
O - In - O ^u ₁	90,0	86,1	92,0		
O - In - O ^u ₂	90,0	86,1	92,1	87,8	
O - In - O ^u ₃	94,7	90,3	88,6	174,2	86,3
O - In - O ^u ₄	85,6	87,0	96,3	93,7	177,8
O - In - O ^u ₅	173,6	172,4	174,2	88,0	93,7
O -	O ^u ₁	O ^u ₁	O ^u ₁	O ^u ₂	
O - In - O ^u ₂	90,0	92,2	92,2		
O - In - O ^u ₃	90,0	92,2	92,1	87,8	

O^u = O^o below }
 O^u = O^o above } from In³⁴ along (00.1)

TABLE 10. Li-O DISTANCES FOR A FEW METALLATES.

compound	distance[Å]	literature
LiBO ₂	1,915 - 2,007	"
γ -LiAlO ₂	1,93 - 2,08	"
γ -LiAlO ₂	1,948 - 2,059	"
Li ₂ CO ₃	1,96 - 2,00	"
Li ₂ O	2,00	"
β -LiGaO ₂	1,949 - 2,001	"
α -Li ₂ GaO ₄	2,00	"")
Li ₂ GeO ₄	1,91 - 2,03	"")

TABLE 11. MAPLE VALUES FOR LiInO₂, Li₃InO₃, AND In₂O₃ (KCAL/MOL).

		binary	ternary	Δ	total parts
Li ₂ O	Li ⁺	145,9	163,5	+ 17,6	+ 17,6
	O ²⁻	542,4	535,0	- 7,4	- 3,7
	In ³⁺	1122,5*	1087,8	- 34,7	- 34,7
	O ²⁻	520,1	535,0	+ 5,0	+ 8,0
<hr/>					
Li ₃ InO ₃					
		binary	ternary	Δ	total
Li ₂ O	Li ⁺	145,9	157,3°	+ 11,4	+ 34,2
	O ²⁻	542,4	510,4°	- 2,0	- 3,0
	In ³⁺	1122,5*	1015,7°	- 106,8	- 106,8
	O ²⁻	520,1	540,4°	+ 11,3	+ 17,0
<hr/>					

single MAPLE in InO₃ (kcal/mol)

	cubic	rhombohedral
In ³⁺	1130,0	1082,4
In ³⁺	1108,0	1082,4
O ²⁻	520,1	545,4
Σ	3832,0	3801,0

* average value

Undoubtedly it is the ion dipole interacting part of the lattice energy which stabilizes Li_3InO_3 against decomposition, for example into $\text{LiInO}_2 + \text{Li}_2\text{O}$, or $3\text{Li}_2\text{O} + \text{In}_2\text{O}_3$, respectively.

More favorable are the calculations with the same compounds of very similar forms [29]. Such calculations were carried out here in order to A) determine whether here also the deviations from the ideal axial ratios c/a and ideal positions would increase the MAPLE value and B) in order to control the Li positions.

A) MAPLE of Li_3InO_3 was calculated for the following cases:

- (1) Real case: $a = 9.6064$, $c = 10,420 \text{ \AA}$; $c/a = 1.0847$; for parameters of particles see Table 3.
- (2) Ideal case A: cell volumes equal to (1) with $c/a = 4/9 \cdot \sqrt{6} = 1.08866$ (Ideal values), i.e. $a = 9.5947$, $c = 10.4454 \text{ \AA}$ and ideal parameters (see Table 2).
- (3) Ideal case B: Real cell dimensions as for (1), ideal parameters of particles as for (2).
- (4) Ideal case C: as for (2), however all $z_0 = 0.13375$ and all $z_{\text{Li}} = 0.4416$, whereby all In-O distances are 2.21 \AA (average value of (1)) and all Li-O distances are 2.007 \AA .
- (5) Ideal case D: cell dimensions as for (1); parameters corresponding to (4), but here $z_0 = 0.13338$ and $z_{\text{Li}} = 0.4412$.

The results are summarized in Table 12.

Table 12 shows:

The MAPLE values of corresponding structural models (compare line 2, Table 12) are practically independent of whether one inserts the real lattice constants or the calculated values for the same mol volumes and "ideal" ration $c/a = 4/9 \sqrt{6} = 1.08866$ (No. 2/3, or No. 4/5, respectively).

Changing of the models with ideal parameters to those in which furthermore the "ideal" position of In the O^{2-} layers are sometimes shifted to the In layers in the (00.1) direction, on the whole brings only an insignificant improvement of MAPLE, as shown by the comparison, for example, of 2 with 4.

TABLE 12. MAPLE VALUES OF Li_3InO_3 AND FOR DIFFERENT
STRUCTURAL MODELS (COMPARE TEXT); IN KCAL/MOL

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Li_3InO_3	MAPLE Li_3InO_3	$\overline{\text{Li}^+}$	$\overline{\text{In}^{3+}}$	$\overline{\text{O}^{2-}}$	$d^\circ [\text{\AA}]$	
		$\overline{\text{Li}^+}$	$\overline{\text{In}^{3+}}$	$\overline{\text{O}^{2-}}$	$\overline{\text{Li}-\text{O}}$	$\overline{\text{In}-\text{O}}$
(1)	3108,7	167,3	1015,7	540,4	1,050	2,138
(2)	3055,0	164,8	957,0	534,2	1,058	2,262
(3)	3054,7	164,8	957,0	531,2	1,054	2,260
(4)	3050,1	149,0	1012,1	533,3	2,007	2,210
(5)	3059,2	148,8	1012,8	533,3	2,007	2,210

	partial MAPLE values								
	Li^+	Li_2^+	Li_3^+	In_1^{3+}	In_2^{3+}	In_3^{3+}	O_1^{2-}	O_2^{2-}	O_3^{2-}
(1)	164,2	145,4	162,2	904,8	1022,5	1018,1	543,2	528,7	549,3
(2)	161,0	161,8	164,8	955,4	955,1	960,5	534,2	534,3	534,2
(3)	161,0	161,8	164,8	955,4	955,1	960,5	534,2	534,3	534,2
(4)	149,0	149,0	149,0	1000,0	1000,3	1014,8	533,3	533,4	533,3
(5)	148,0	148,8	148,8	1010,4	1010,0	1015,5	533,3	533,4	533,3

$d^\circ = \text{shortest distance}$

The change to the real case, for which additionally In_2 leaves the ideal position and corresponding shifts of O and Li set in, brings ≈ 50 kcal/mol gain in total value of MAPLE (Li_3InO_3).

Table 12 shows further interesting details. Here it will only be mentioned that the gain by going from (4) or (5) to (1) is not achieved by MAPLE (In^{3+}), but by the MAPLE contributions of Li^+ and O^{2-} . This is all the more noteworthy in that the average distance Li-O, or In-O, respectively - t (5) correspond to the average distances for the real case (1). Apparently, the In-In-interactions are decisive.

B) The question law to arrange most favorably the 36 Li^+ elementary cell electrostatically on the existing 72 tetrahedron spaces, could be best answered by MAPLE calculations.

There are altogether 20 possibilities, 3 each of the 6 compositions of each of the 12 common tetrahedron spaces (compare p. 248) to be used for the formation of Li_3InO_3 . However, simultaneous combinations of the compositions 1/2, or 3/4, or 5/6 should be excluded. Since then Li-Li distances of 1.29 Å would appear. In order to avoid such absurdly short distances, only one of each of these double groups can be used. There thus still remain 8 possibilities, compare Table 13.

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TABLE 13. MAPLE CALCULATIONS FOR 8 PARTS POSSIBILITIES
OF 3 Li⁺ IN THE InO₂ STRUCTURE (FOR NOMENCLATURE, SEE TABLE 6).

	246	236	245	146	136	235	145	135
Li ₁	461,2	170,3	177,2	94,5	88,7	183,2	77,1	74,6
Li ₂	115,4	105,3	170,2	151,8	99,9	86,7	176,7	81,3
Li ₃	162,2	185,1	117,4	176,6	100,5	96,8	101,8	84,3
In ₁	994,8	986,8	984,1	723,4	715,1	956,0	692,7	684,7
In ₂	1022,5	875,4	905,8	1006,8	859,5	758,8	889,9	712,8
In ₃	1018,1	929,6	909,9	928,8	840,3	821,4	820,6	732,1
O ₁	513,2	512,4	510,0	516,2	515,3	548,2	552,6	554,1
O ₂	528,7	539,6	535,6	530,9	511,8	516,5	537,9	548,7
O ₃	510,3	550,3	550,9	510,7	550,7	560,9	551,3	521,3
Li ₂ InO ₃	471,8	460,7	464,7	422,0	388,0	366,7	355,0	231,1
In	1015,7	921,1	917,6	920,5	825,0	823,0	822,4	727,8
O ₃	1621,2	1611,2	1635,5	1626,8	1616,8	1655,6	1611,1	1661,2
Li ₃ InO ₃	3108,7	3022,0	3017,0	2070,2	2860,7	2815,3	2819,4	2623,1

NOT REPRODUCIBLE

The corresponding MAPLE values were calculated for these and are summarized in Table 13.

The result is unmistakable: The combination 2/4/6 of the tetrahedron spaces is on the whole higher by 86 kcal/mol in MAPLE value than the next most favorable arrangement 2/3/6. This result confirms the x-ray finding.

VI. The Structure Systematology of Cation-Rich Ternary Oxides

Li₃InO₃ is only a special case of a general series of compounds of the formula A_x¹⁺ + B_yⁿ + O_{(x+ny)/2}²⁻. One can differentiate two cases for these, according to whether the O²⁻ forms a close-packed structure approximately or exactly, respectively, or does not. Li₃InO₃ belongs to the first group. Three classes are possible here, since O²⁻ can exhibit

- a) an hexagonal close-packed structure,
- b) a cubic close-packed structure and
- c) a closed-packed interchangeable structure

Li₃InO₃ belongs to case a). Table 14 shows how various limiting formulas result in relation to the valence n+ of the metal partner according to whether the components A¹⁺ occupy only tetrahedra spaces or also vacant octohedra spaces. Many arbitrary combinations are possible because of the possibility of only partially occupying the available spaces in the hexagonal close-packed O²⁻

structure. It is important for its understanding that a complete occupation of all tetrahedra spaces for this O^{2-} is not possible, in contradistinction to the cubic close-packed structure (Example: Li_2O). The only definitely known structure of compounds of the type Li_8MO_6 also belong here: for Li_8TbO_6 [8], all tetrahedra spaces are occupied with Li^+ , according to $Li_2(Tb_{1/3}^{4+} Li_{2/3}^+)$ O_2 , the octohedra spaces are theoretically occupied up to 1/3 with Tb^{4+} , up to 2/3 with Li^+ . It was also reported recently about Li_8SnO_6 , etc. [30]. Undoubtedly many of the compounds of type $A_8^{I\text{V}}B^{IV}O_6$, $A_7^{I\text{V}}B^{V}O_6$, and $A_6^{I\text{V}\text{I}}B^{VI}O_6$ first mostly prepared by Scholder [31] also belong here. See 14A.

TABLE 14. LIMITING FORMULAS WITH MAXIMUM CATION/OXYGEN RATIOS FOR THE HEXAGONAL CLOSE-PACKED OXYGEN STRUCTURE

n	tetrahedron & octohedron	only tetrahedron
2	A_2BO_3	A_2BO_3
3	A_3BO_4	A_3BO_4
4	A_4BO_5	A_4BO_5
5	$A_{11}BO_6$	A_4BO_6
6	$A_{11}BO_{10}$	A_4BO_6
7	A_3BO_{12}	A_3BO_6

A cubic close-packed structure on the other hand, is present in Li_2O and the structure variants derived from it, as $\alpha-Li_5GaO_4$, $\alpha-Li_5AlO_4$, $\beta-Li_5GaO_4$, $\beta-Li_5AlO_4$ [19], as well as in Na_2CdO_2 [32], where all cations necessarily have to have tetrahedra surroundings, since more cations than anions could otherwise not be distributed in the cubic close-packed structure. In this connection mention should be made of Li_4GeO_4 [26].

VII. Concluding Remarks

It was assumed that of the two possible space groups, the centric is present. Later we also screened the case of the acentric space group P3cl. Exclusive calculations [33], which will not be gone into further at this time, showed the following:

- 1) A significant R-value improvement of 10.03% after 9.30% was found for (InO_3) according to Hamilton [34]

2). However, the discussion of the distances and MAPLE values shows, according to our view, that the available I_0 information is insufficiently certain to be able to decide between the two space groups.

We will shortly report about further cation-rich oxides in the system $\text{Li}_2\text{O}/\text{Tl}_2\text{O}_3$ [35].

The computations were carried out at the DRZ, Dormstadt. We used our own programs as well as those of Professor Zemann, which were modified.

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